b. The real story behind the symptom Fostering the internal relationship

#### 6) Attachment Disorders and Relational Trauma

- a.) IFS as Internal Attachment Work
- b.) Attachment styles as parts of self
- c.) Attachment Trauma- the role of the therapist Healing relational wounds of childhood
- d.) The client's Self as the corrective object Working with preverbal trauma

### 7) The Neurobiology of Trauma

- a.) Neuroscience for therapists- what you need to know.
- b.) Fear circuitry and the development of PTSD
- c.) Extreme reactions and Autonomic Nervous System
- d.) Rage to Suicide and Dissociation to Shame

### 8) Dealing with the Extreme Reactions of Trauma

- a.) Talking directly to the symptom- Direct Access
- b.) Updating the part- introducing the part to the Self
- c.) Dealing with the overwhelm- no need for building resources
- d.) Therapist parts- How to stay clear and calm while working with clients in extreme states

## 9) How Neuroscience Informs Therapeutic Decisions

- a.) Top-down and bottom-up strategies rooted in neuroscience.
- b.) When it's necessary to take over and "be the auxiliary brain" for your client
- c.) When it's best to slow things down, hand over control and work with the body
- d.) Sensing vs. making sense of things At home strategies

# 10) Step 4: Permanent Healing of Traumatic Wounds

- a.) Three phases to healing: Witness the pain
- b.) Remove the wounded part out of the past
- c.) Let go of the feelings, thoughts and beliefs
- d.) The science behind the healing- memory reconsolidation

# 11) Integrate IFS into Your Treatment Approach

- a.) EMDR, DBT, Sensorimotor/SE and other methods Transformation vs adaptation or rehabilitation
- b.) Going beyond the cognitive (experiential therapies)
- c.) Integrate IFS with your current clinical approach